

# PwC Webinar

How the S/4HANA implementation transforms  
your day to day tax operations?

2 November 2021



# Agenda



1. Changing tax landscape
2. Tax as integrator in the S/4HANA journey: Main drivers
3. Detailed tax management topics & solutions:
  - SAP DRC
  - SAP GTS
  - SAP Analytics Cloud
4. Implementation insights & lessons learned
5. Q&A and wrap-up

# Today's speakers



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# 1

## Changing tax landscape



# A changing global tax reporting landscape...

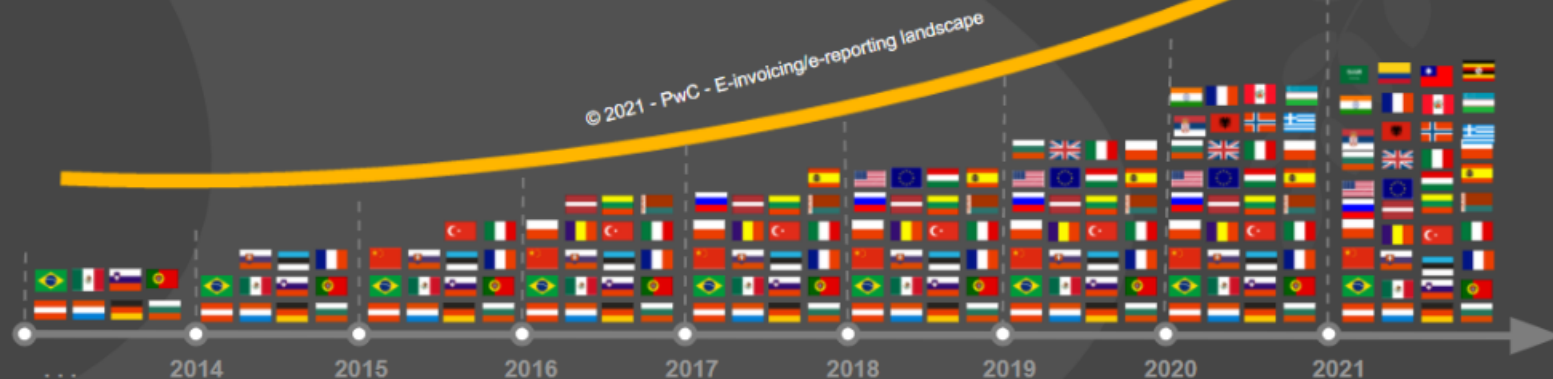
Real-time  
& More  
Data

01

02

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04



## Different measures



### On-request e-audit requirements

Obligation to be able to extract and present accounting/transactional data in a predefined format on request of the tax authority.

### Real-time reporting

Requirement to communicate incoming and/or outgoing transactional data to the tax authority in (near) real-time, usually within a few working days, in a pre-defined format.

### Mandatory e-invoicing

Obligation to electronically exchange invoices/transactional data using a predefined format, sometimes via a government run platform.

# Other changes

01

02

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## Different measures



### Fundamental overhaul of the international tax system: two-pillar approach

On 8 October 2021, the Inclusive Framework (IF) announced a further agreement backed by 136 (out of 140) members of the Inclusive Framework on the two-pillar approach redesigning the international tax framework. With this, all EU Member States that are part of the IF are supporting the reform.

Link: <https://news.pwc.be/political-agreement-on-fundamental-overhaul-of-the-international-tax-system/>

### OECD Tax administration 3.0: The Digital Transformation of Tax Administration

This digital transformation has the potential to build-in compliance in an increasing number of areas, to move taxation closer to taxable events and to significantly reduce the burdens that can arise from using different processes for taxation to those used in taxpayers' daily lives and businesses.

Link: <https://www.oecd.org/tax/forum-on-tax-administration/publications-and-products/tax-administration-3-0-the-digital-transformation-of-tax-administration.htm>

### Belgium budget and State of the Union as an example:

It is announcing a.o. Gradual transition to E-invoicing for B2B transactions and increased efforts in the fight against tax fraud.

Link: [https://news.pwc.be/belgian-government-announces-measures-to-transition-belgian-economy-post-covid/?utm\\_campaign=5841778873a6a3015304fe3b&utm\\_content=61669fd3fea97f0001a88b0f&utm\\_medium=smarpshare&utm\\_source=linkedin](https://news.pwc.be/belgian-government-announces-measures-to-transition-belgian-economy-post-covid/?utm_campaign=5841778873a6a3015304fe3b&utm_content=61669fd3fea97f0001a88b0f&utm_medium=smarpshare&utm_source=linkedin)

# 2

## Tax as integrator in the S/4HANA journey: Main drivers



# Benefits of using a Tax Business Integrator

*"The most successful business transformations are undoubtedly business led and supported by people with experience (and battle scars) to help predict and avoid pitfalls. I've led a number of finance transformations and having tax support embedded in O2C, P2P and R2R has proved invaluable, especially in the increasingly prevalent digitalisation of the tax agenda."*

**Sam Waller PwC Finance Transformation Partner, From: Tax business integration carrots and sticks**

01

Upfront structured  
collation of TLS  
requirements to avoid  
late changes and  
expensive rework



02

Broader experience  
and perspective on Key  
Design Decisions



03

Linkages to territory tax  
SMEs to quickly collate  
and analyse local TLS  
requirements



04

Combining global  
mindset with local  
content



Proven methodology  
and accelerators to  
meet deployment  
timetable



Ability to scale up /  
scale down resources  
over the life of a project



Minimise distractions  
for in-house tax from  
other value added  
activities



BI influence to police  
and minimise  
requested variations  
from a standard  
template



Linkage to other inflight  
planning strategies



Ability to leverage  
global learnings across  
multiple  
implementation waves





# The ERP implementation journey

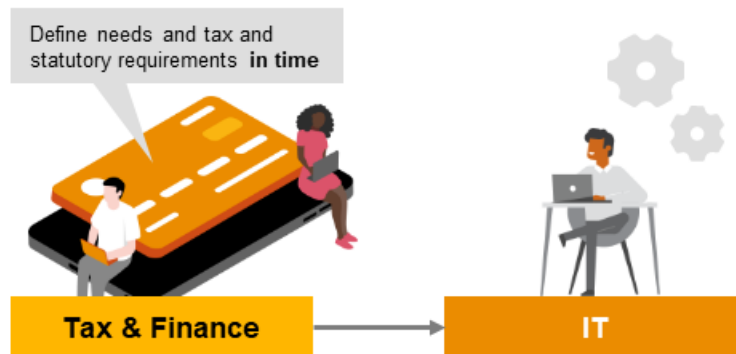
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The importance of setting up your future ERP in a tax and statutory compliant way



**SAP deadline: 2027**



(no deadline for Oracle, but same challenges apply)

When implementing a new ERP, the tax and finance teams must inform the IT project team of their needs in due time

## The three main challenges

**Reduce risk:** provide tax authorities with more detailed data

**Increase efficiency:** e-invoicing, e-filings, e-ledgers, real-time reporting

**Increase insights:** advanced analytics, real-time tax calculations

## Business requirements

**Statutory/direct tax reporting**

- Statutory and tax sensitisation
- Statutory and tax ledger setup
- GAAP to STAT to tax reconciliation

**VAT/customs**

- VAT reporting
- Advanced controls and analytics
- Electronic filing
- Compliance
- Dashboards

**Transfer pricing (TP)**

- Operational TP
- Country by country reporting (CbCR)

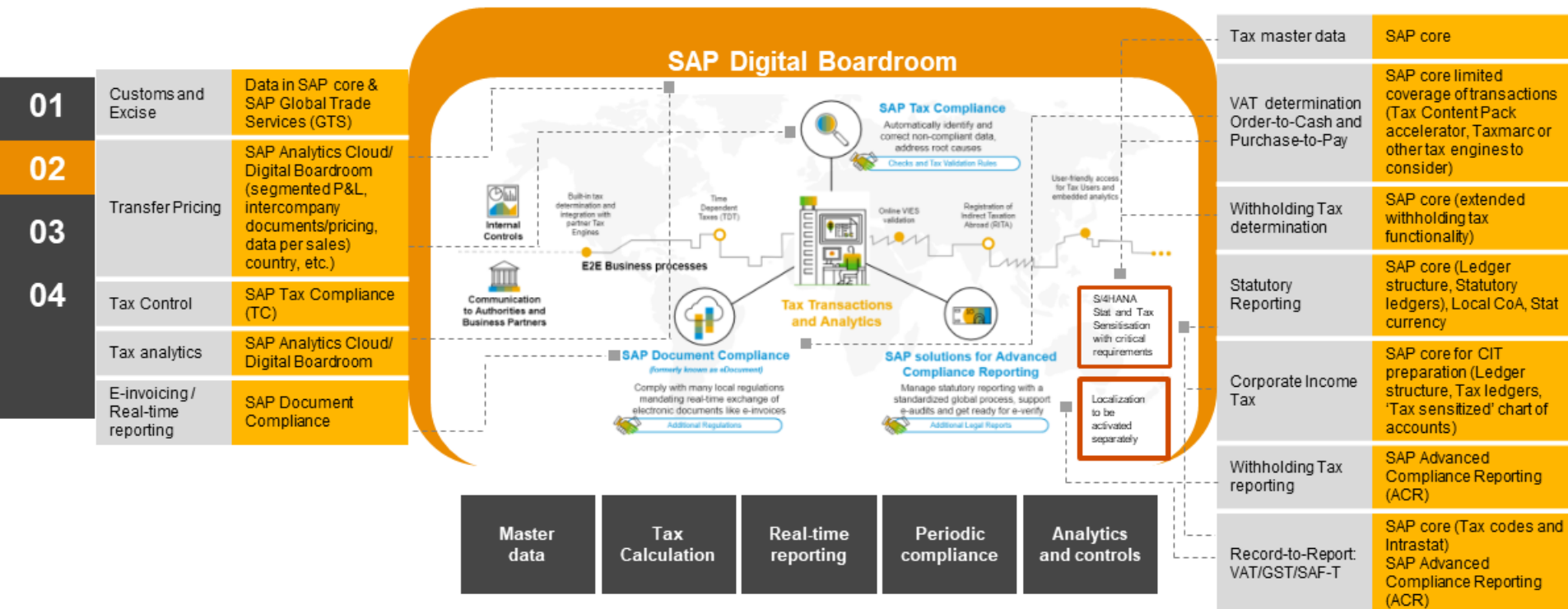
# Tax/Stat challenges when moving to SAP S/4HANA

## Why Tax/Stat should have a seat at the table

Tax/Stat challenges

SAP solutions\*

(\* other options can be considered as well)



# What is part of SAP Localization?

## example for Belgium of Localization toolkit

### MASTER DATA

[MultiRegional G/L Account Name](#)

[Customer Tax Number](#)

[Vendor Tax Number](#)

Tax Number Validation: For more information, see SAP Note [638234](#).

[Bank Data Validation](#)

[Single Payment Indicator](#)

[Withholding Tax Data](#)

### ACCOUNTING: Taxes

[Noneductible Input Tax](#)

Withholding Tax Reporting: Overview

For more information, refer to the RFDQST79 and RFKQST79 report documentation in the system.

[Taxes on Sales/Purchases: Overview](#)

Taxes on Sales/Purchases: Report Documentation

### ACCOUNTING: Payment Transactions

[Country-Specific Payment Methods](#)

The following payment formats are available: BE\_CGT\_XML\_CT, BE\_CGT\_XML\_DD, BE\_BEPTA\_FOR

[Balance-of-Payments Reporting](#)

### ACCOUNTING: General

Monthly Journal (Journal Centralisateur)

EU Sales List (Paper/DME): Overview

EU Sales List (Paper): Report Documentation

### TREASURY

Transfer of Account Statements: Overview

Transfer of Account Statements: CODA

For more information, refer to the RFEBBE00 report documentation in the system.

### MATERIALS MANAGEMENT

[Purchase Account Management](#)

### HUMAN RESOURCES

Payroll

### Supported Features per Report

The following features are supported in the reports:

Feature	Annual Sales Listing	Balance of Payments	VAT Return	Withholding Tax
Embedded Analytics	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Manual Adjustment	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Data Preview	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Electronic Communication with the Government Gateway	No	No	No	No
Correction and Additional Correction Phases	No	No	Yes	Yes
Reporting Activity – Manage Tax Items	Yes	No	Yes	No
Reporting Activity – Post Tax Payable	Not Applicable	No	Yes	No

### Related Information

[Advanced Compliance Reporting](#)

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## Polling question 1a

When is your organisation planning on migrating towards SAP S/4HANA?

- N/A
- Do not know
- 2021/2022
- 2023
- 2024



## Polling question 1b

If currently in a migration, where are you currently in the S/4HANA journey?

- Design phase
- Implementation phase
- Go live
- Post go live phase

# Statutory & Direct Tax: Drivers

Getting the basis for Tax Reporting right - Statutory & direct tax requirements

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## Core Design (Big Rocks)

## Localizations

### Statutory

- Ledger setup (GAAP vs STAT prime, non-leading vs extension ledger)
- Reconciliation and transparent G2S reporting
- Currency and FX setup
- Calendar setup
- Sequential numbering
- STAT & TAX sensitized CoA (Business & Local)
- Local language requirements
- Country-specific reporting

### Direct Tax

- Tax sensitisation (permanent vs temporary differences)
- Country-specific reporting
- Fixed assets tax vs stat depreciation
- Calculation of current and/or deferred tax position
- Withholding tax (WHT)
  - Customer WHT and Vendor WHT
  - Invoice or payment
  - Calculation & Reporting

Tax Reporting



## Polling question 2

Are you currently using (or envisaging to use) a multiple ledger setup?

- Yes: for Group GAAP and Local GAAP (STAT) purposes
- Yes: for Group GAAP, Local GAAP (STAT) and direct tax (TAX) purposes
- No: only one ledger will be setup

# Indirect Tax: Drivers



## Master data governance

- Transactional taxes are in various process (P2P, O2C, R2R)
- Tax is dependent on correct master data collection (i.e. VAT, Customs & Excise data elements)
- Tax rates and tax codes (VAT, WHT)
- Follow-up on legal changes (e.g. Brexit) and maintenance



## Tax determination (VAT/GST and WHT)

- PTP automation in the ERP system
- OTC automation in the ERP system
- WHT determination in ERP system
- Pro-rata calculation



## Real-time reporting

- E.g. Spanish SII, Hungary, Poland (potential change), Colombia, Brazil, etc.



## Periodic compliance

- Classic VAT reporting to check coverage in SAP ACR/BCR
- Intrastat reporting capability
- Withholding tax reporting and returns
- SAF-T files (e.g. Poland, Norway, Portugal, Luxembourg, France)
- Customs compliance



## SAP Analytics & Digital Boardroom

- Data reconciliation and comparison (e.g. VAT, Customs & Excise)
- Compliance tracker
- ITX cash under 'management'

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# SD Tax determination process: Content packs

Business  
Process

OTC  
RTR  
PTP

## 1. Providing tax determination logic

## 2. Providing invoice elements

GAP GS6 System

### Configuration

- MM-SD-FI Entity definition and assignment
- Tax Condition type logic

### Master Data

- Vendor/Customer/ Material Master data
- Condition Record
- Tax Codes

Unique Tax  
code with  
predefined  
rate  
(A1,A2..)

### Transaction

- Vendor Invoice
- Customer invoice
- Incoming/Outgoing Payment
- Stream specific transactional data

### Periodic Compliance Reports

- STAT reports
- VAT reports
- WHT reports
- Other country specific Ad hoc reports (Intrastat, Local forms)

FIORI ACR

### GS6 - FIORI Interface

- Setup Connectivity
- Country specific Role creation and definition
- Define country specific SAP ACR reports

## 3. Accelerating reporting configuration

- Different Indirect Tax reports in SAP ACR: VAT returns, EC Sales & Purchase listing, SAF-T, etc.

### SAP digital boardroom



# AP tax determination process: PO based

## Level 1 - Manual Tax code selection and determination

- By company code select a tax code for the Purchase Order

## Level 2 - Purchase Info Records (PIRs)

A PIR uses a combination of the Material Number and the Supplier Number to define the expected tax code. This is suitable for organizations that make frequent purchases of the same materials from the same suppliers (e.g. manufacturing businesses purchasing for their production lines).

PIR Ref.	Supplier	Material	Tax Code
PIR A	001	M123	V1
PIR B	001	M456	V2
PIR C	002	M987	V1

## Optionally - Manual Assignment / Defaulting

- By company code set a tax code to default on the Purchase Order; or,
- Make the creator of the Purchase Order manually select the tax code, usually based on guidance provided by the tax team.

### Important remarks!

- PO needs to contain sufficient data to be able to determine the correct tax code
- PO data is accurate -> quality of master data

## Level 3 - Extension: Condition Records

This would follow broadly the same logic as determination through condition records in the SD module. Key differences:

- Would rely on supplier master data, as opposed to customer master data.
- Would use a different condition type (and related access sequence for the condition tables).

Condition records for PO invoices are not recommended, due to the high complexity of determining VAT for AP transactions.

# Tax engine: 3 levels of automation

Good **opportunity** to optimize your tax determination when **implementing S/4HANA**. This could consist of a better structure in SD as seen before or also the acquisition of a tax engine or VAT add-on.



**Internal ERP**  
(SAP)

- Tax content, including codes, rates and rules are not provided
- Extensive ERP configurations for tax processing and master data are required for each jurisdictions
- Tax configuration is required for tax determination, for all tax types, and to ensure appropriate tax accounting
- Re-configuration and maintenance is required for each rate and rule change



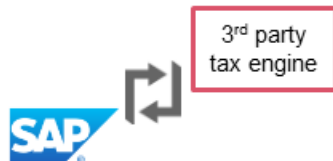
**Add-in**  
(Localizations internal logic extensions)

- Programing or module logic which enhances or extends internal engines
- Small firm development with limited rate and rule support
- Internal ERP system development requiring system and database access



**Bolt-on**

- External automation system using transaction data for tax determination
- Contains Global content (rules, rates, logic)
- Able to support complex intercompany, intracompany and multiparty transactions
- Provides global content updates for tax, rules and decision logic with automated updates
- Reduces long term maintenance, resource and implementation costs



**Important remark!** Tax engine will need more data parameters that should be available within S/4HANA

SAP Field Description	VAT determination field	SAP Header Fieldname	Functional Grouping
Group indicator for Tax Law Items		BSECT-TXGRP	SAP Acc. document tax item
Tax Jurisdiction		BSECT-TXJCD	SAP Acc. document tax item
VAT Registration Number	Vendor/Customer VAT identification number	BSECT-BTDES	SAP Acc. document tax item
Tax account		WVSTB-AKNT0	SAP Acc. document tax item
Reference Document Number		BKPF-SELNR	SAP Acc. document header data
Billing Document	Document number/Invoice number	VBKX-VBELN	SAP Billing document (OTC)
Billing Item		VBKX-POSNR	SAP Billing document (OTC)
Billing date for billing index and period		VBKX-FIDAT	SAP Billing document (OTC)
GoodsReceivedCountryOfOrigin		VBKX-ALAND	SAP Billing document (OTC)
GoodsReceivedCountryOfDestination		VBKX-LAND_AUFT	SAP Billing document (OTC)
GoodsReceivedCountryOfOrigin		VBKX-ALAND	SAP Billing document (OTC)

# TaxMarc - key characteristics

SAP® Certified  
Powered by SAP NetWeaver®

SAP® Certified  
Integration with SAP S/4HANA®

## Standard SAP

Taxmarc is based on the principle that all VAT relevant data is captured within (standard) SAP.

## Compatible with all recent SAP versions

Built in enhancement implementations / BADI's (no core modifications!) and therefore compatible with all recent versions (7.01 SP level 18 and higher) in SAP incl. SAP S/4HANA.

## Flexible architecture

Can be installed as an internal or as an external engine, on premise or in the cloud to be able to cater for every clients IT landscape. Each (ERP) system can connect to Taxmarc via XML/JSON file format.

## Independent embedded engine

VAT determination done within SAP with standard SAP functionality. Taxmarc runs independent from existing (old) developments. There is no need (except US) to communicate with an external tax engine. No impact on existing developments because of 'Stand alone' principal.

## Data linking/gathering

Improves data linking in SAP in order to achieve automated VAT determination in an accurate manner, eg. AP and AR data is linked for automated VAT determination of supply chains exceeding two parties. 70% of Taxmarc is based on intelligent data gathering within SAP.



*Automatically in compliance,  
Always in control*

## TCF

A tax control framework (TCF) at transactional level is embedded for each supply chain transaction. Real time email messages send by the TCF alert function.

## Smart testing approach

Earlier booked transactions can be used to automatically test the new Taxmarc functionality. This will decrease the time spent on UAT and regression testing significantly.

## Navigation

With the embedded navigation tool, a tax manager doesn't need SAP knowledge. All relevant data to analyze a problem is captured together at one place (/TAXMARC/CP).

## Maintenance/instruction guide

Easy maintenance at one central point; Taxmarc Implementation Guide (/TAXMARC/IMG) includes embedded instruction guide.

## Tax data warehouse/ data quality

All relevant data used for tax determination is stored in SAP and is therefore owned by the company itself (no black box). This provides real time access to company's sales and purchase blueprint.



## Polling question 3

How do you want to determine the VAT treatment of your company?

- Standard SAP
- Customized SAP
- Add-in solution
- Considering tax engine
- Do not know (yet)

# Required data - Sample VAT 1 (basic invoice content)

FIELD REQUIRED	NECESSITY	NOTES PwC
Following data is required per invoice line for VAT declarations		
Supplier Number	Minimum	Unique reference for the master data. Highly recommended, e.g. in case where reference to supplier classification is required.
Supplier Name	Minimum	
Supplier VAT number	Minimum	
Customer Number	Minimum	Unique reference for the master data. Highly recommended, e.g. in case where reference to supplier classification is required.
Customer Name	Minimum	
Customer VAT number	Minimum	
Supplier Country	Minimum	If applicable (B2B)
Customer Country	Minimum	Suggestion to also add address details
Ship from Country	Minimum	Suggestion to also add address details
Ship to Country	Minimum	Suggestion to also add address details
Invoice number	Minimum	
Original Document Reference	Optional	In case of Credit Note
Transaction Reference (internal reference)	Minimum	Unique reference for the transaction
Document Date	Minimum	
Payment Date	Minimum	
Delivery Date	Minimum	
Reporting Period	Minimum	
Posting Date	Minimum for Germany AP	
Document Type or transaction type	Minimum	e.g. CN needs to be reported separate from regular invoices
Invoice Description	Minimum	
Goods Services Classification	Minimum	Classification of type of material or service
Base Curr	Minimum	Local currency if no EUR e.g. for DKK, CZK etc
Invoice Curr	Minimum	
Net Value in Base Curr	Minimum	Local currency if no EUR e.g. for DKK, CZK etc
Net Value in Invoice Curr	Minimum	
Tax Value in Base Curr	Minimum	
Tax Value in Invoice Curr	Minimum	
Exchange Rate	Minimum	For reporting purposes
Tax Code	Optional	
Tax Value deducted in base Curr	Minimum	
Tax Value non-recoverable in base Curr	Minimum for Belgium, France, Czech Republic and Italy	
VAT rate	Minimum for Slovakia, Czech Republic, Luxembourg	
Tax Point	Minimum for Slovakia, Czech Republic	In case tax point needs to be included in reports as a separate field: e.g. VAT Control Statement CZ, SK
Consignment	Optional	
PO number	Optional	
Discount amount	Minimum	
Gross invoice amount	Minimum	
Quantity of the goods supplied / services rendered	Minimum	
Specific text mention to justify exemption	Minimum	

Data item	Description	Type	Conditions
<b>Supplier information</b>			
Name	The full name of the supplier	Mandatory	
Address	The address of the supplier	Mandatory	
VAT ID	The VAT ID-number of the	Mandatory	Mandatory in so far the supplier has a
Fiscal Rep. Name	The supplier's tax	Conditional	The supplier is represented by a tax
Fiscal Rep. Address	The supplier's tax	Conditional	The supplier is represented by a tax
Co. Req. Num.	The supplier's Company	Conditional	Only required in so far the VAT
Place of Req.	A precise indication of the	Conditional	In principle mandatory, but made
Bank Account	The bank account number of at	Conditional	The supplier is holder at a credit
Liquidator Name	The name of the person that is	Conditional	The company is in liquidation
Reference to the register of legal entities or the abbreviation "RPR/RPM"	This reference needs to be followed by the competent Commercial Court resulting from the registered office of the company.	Conditional	The supplier is not a civil company
License number	The number of the license is	Conditional	The supplier practices a regulated
<b>Buyer information</b>			
Name	The full name of the buyer	Mandatory	
Address	The address of the buyer	Mandatory	
VAT ID	The VAT ID-number of the	Conditional	Mandatory in so far the buyer has a
Fiscal Rep. Name	The buyer's tax	Conditional	The buyer is represented by a tax
Fiscal Rep. Address	The buyer's tax	Conditional	The buyer is represented by a tax
<b>Invoice level information</b>			
Invoice Date	The date of issue of the invoice	Mandatory	
Date of Supply	The date of the supply of the	Conditional	If the date of supply is different from
Original invoice	Reference to the initial invoice	Conditional	Mandatory in case of a credit note
Invoice Number	The number under which the	Mandatory	
Tax law reference		Conditional	Mandatory in case of intra-community
Currency	Invoice currency	Mandatory	
Local currency	The local currency used on the	Conditional	The used currency is not EUR
Net Total	Amount payable (VAT)	Recommended	
Quantity	The quantity of the goods	Mandatory	
Description	The description/nature of the	Mandatory	
Taxable Amount (per VAT rate and exemption)	Mandatory per VAT rate or exemption (expressed in Euros)	Mandatory	
Tax Rate	Applicable VAT rate (per	Conditional	No VAT rate should be mentioned in
Total tax amount in	VAT Payable	Conditional	This amount can be zero in case of
Unit Price	Exclusive of VAT	Mandatory	
Discount Amount		Conditional	The discount amounts are not
Discount terms		Conditional	The discount amounts are not
<b>Any others, please specify:</b>			
Reference to self-	In case an invoice is drafted by	Conditional	
Reference to the		Conditional	The invoice relates to e.g. an intra-
Reference in case		Conditional	The invoice relates to a supply of
Cash Accounting	The cash accounting system has	Conditional	The cash accounting system has
Margin scheme	The profit margin method for Eligible	Conditional	The profit margin method for Eligible
Supply of a new		Conditional	The invoice relates to a supply of a



# Required data - Sample VAT 2 (SAF-T / Peppol)

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	AA	AB	AC
Reference	Customer	Document Date	Posting Date	Entry Date	Material	Material Description	Plant	Storage Location	Movement Type	Special Stock	Material Document	Material	Qty in Un.	Unit of Entry	Invoice #	Billing date	Sold-to party	Material	ValA	CoCd	Type	Item	Prng Date	Doc. Date	Entry Date	Quantity		
0080018086	126000001	7/28/2020	7/28/2020	7/28/2020	H11	Trading Good, PD, Reg.Trading	2610	1014	601		4900000981	1	-1	PC	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	H11	2610	2600	WE	1	28.07.2020	28.07.2020	28.07.2020	-1		
0080018087	126000001	7/28/2020	7/28/2020	7/28/2020	H11	Trading Good, PD, Reg.Trading	2610	1014	601		4900000982	1	-1	PC	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	H11	2610	2600	WE	1	28.07.2020	28.07.2020	28.07.2020	-1		
0080018088	126000001	7/29/2020	7/29/2020	7/29/2020	H11	Trading Good, PD, Reg.Trading	2610	1014	601		4900000990	1	-1	PC	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	H11	2610	2600	WE	1	12.07.2020	29.07.2020	29.07.2020	-1		
0080018111	126000002	8/12/2020	7/12/2020	8/12/2020	H11	Trading Good, PD, Reg.Trading	2610	1014	601		4900000405	1	-1	PC	1980000593	14.07.2020	1260000002	H11	2610	2600	WE	1	12.07.2020	12.08.2020	12.08.2020	-1		
0080018110	126000002	8/12/2020	7/12/2020	8/12/2020	H11	Trading Good, PD, Reg.Trading	2610	1014	601		4900000404	1	-1	PC	1980000592	14.07.2020	1260000001	H11	2610	2600	WE	1	12.07.2020	12.08.2020	12.08.2020	-1		
0080018091	126000001	8/10/2020	7/12/2020	8/10/2020	H11	Trading Good, PD, Reg.Trading	2610	1014	601		4900000402	1	-1	PC	198000026	14.07.2020	1260000001	H11	2610	2600	WE	1	12.07.2020	10.08.2020	10.08.2020	-1		
0080018108	126000005	8/11/2020	7/12/2020	8/11/2020	H11	Trading Good, PD, Reg.Trading	2610	1014	601		4900000402	1	-10	PC	1980000445	13.07.2020	1260000005	H11	2610	2600	WE	1	12.07.2020	11.08.2020	11.08.2020	-10		
0080018107	126000010	8/11/2020	7/12/2020	8/11/2020	H11	Trading Good, PD, Reg.Trading	2610	1014	601		4900000401	1	-5	PC	1980000442	15.07.2020	1260000010	H11	2610	2600	WE	1	12.07.2020	11.08.2020	11.08.2020	-5		
0080018116	126000001	8/14/2020	7/12/2020	8/14/2020	H11	Trading Good, PD, Reg.Trading	2610	1014	601		4900000403	1	-1	PC	1980000661	14.07.2020	1260000001	H11	2610	2600	WE	1	12.07.2020	14.08.2020	14.08.2020	-1		
0080018114	126000010	8/13/2020	7/8/2020	8/13/2020	H11	Trading Good, PD, Reg.Trading	2610	1014	601		4900000401	1	-5	PC	1980000568	08.07.2020	1260000010	H11	2610	2600	WE	1	08.07.2020	13.08.2020	13.08.2020	-5		
0080018112	126000001	8/12/2020	7/5/2020	8/12/2020	H11	Trading Good, PD, Reg.Trading	2610	1014	601		4900000406	1	-1	PC	1800000893	12.07.2020	1260000001	H11	2610	2600	WE	1	05.07.2020	12.08.2020	12.08.2020	-1		
0080018102	126000001	8/11/2020	7/5/2020	8/11/2020	H11	Trading Good, PD, Reg.Trading	2610	1014	601		4900000403	1	-10	PC	1980000335	05.07.2020	1260000001	H11	2610	2600	WE	1	05.07.2020	11.08.2020	11.08.2020	-10		
0080018096	126000001	8/10/2020	7/4/2020	8/10/2020	H11	Trading Good, PD, Reg.Trading	2610	1014	601		4900000407	1	-10	PC	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	H11	2610	2600	WE	1	04.07.2020	10.08.2020	10.08.2020	-10		
0080018115	126000001	8/14/2020	7/2/2020	8/14/2020	H11	Trading Good, PD, Reg.Trading	2610	1014	601		4900000403	1	-10	PC	1980000660	04.07.2020	1260000001	H11	2610	2600	WE	1	02.07.2020	14.08.2020	14.08.2020	-10		
0080018101	126000001	8/11/2020	7/2/2020	8/11/2020	H11	Trading Good, PD, Reg.Trading	2610	1014	601		4900000402	1	-10	PC	1980000394	02.07.2020	1260000001	H11	2610	2600	WE	1	02.07.2020	11.08.2020	11.08.2020	-10		
0080018097	126000001	8/10/2020	7/2/2020	8/10/2020	H11	Trading Good, PD, Reg.Trading	2610	1014	601		4900000408	1	-10	PC	1980000390	04.07.2020	1260000001	H11	2610	2600	WE	1	02.07.2020	10.08.2020	10.08.2020	-10		
0080018091	126000001	8/10/2020	7/2/2020	8/10/2020	H11	Trading Good, PD, Reg.Trading	2610	1014	601		4900000406	1	-10	PC	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	H11	2610	2600	WE	1	02.07.2020	10.08.2020	10.08.2020	-10		
0080018100	126000001	8/11/2020	7/1/2020	8/11/2020	H11	Trading Good, PD, Reg.Trading	2610	1014	601		4900000401	1	-10	PC	1980000393	03.07.2020	1260000001	H11	2610	2600	WE	1	01.07.2020	11.08.2020	11.08.2020	-10		
0080018095	126000001	8/10/2020	7/1/2020	8/10/2020	H11	Trading Good, PD, Reg.Trading	2610	1014	601		4900000406	1	-10	PC	1980000229	03.07.2020	1260000001	H11	2610	2600	WE	1	01.07.2020	10.08.2020	10.08.2020	-10		
0080018099	126000001	8/11/2020	6/30/2020	8/11/2020	H11	Trading Good, PD, Reg.Trading	2610	1014	601		4900000401	1	-10	PC	1980000392	02.07.2020	1260000001	H11	2610	2600	WE	1	30.06.2020	11.08.2020	11.08.2020	-10		
0080018094	126000001	8/10/2020	6/30/2020	8/10/2020	H11	Trading Good, PD, Reg.Trading	2610	1014	601		4900000405	1	-10	PC	1980000228	02.07.2020	1260000001	H11	2610	2600	WE	1	30.06.2020	10.08.2020	10.08.2020	-10		
0080018098	126000001	8/11/2020	6/23/2020	8/11/2020	H11	Trading Good, PD, Reg.Trading	2610	1014	601		4900000409	1	-10	PC	1980000391	02.07.2020	1260000001	H11	2610	2600	WE	1	23.06.2020	11.08.2020	11.08.2020	-10		
0080018093	126000001	8/10/2020	6/23/2020	8/10/2020	H11	Trading Good, PD, Reg.Trading	2610	1014	601		4900000404	1	-10	PC	1980000227	02.07.2020	1260000001	H11	2610	2600	WE	1	23.06.2020	10.08.2020	10.08.2020	-10		
0080018105	126000001	8/11/2020	6/20/2020	8/11/2020	H11	Trading Good, PD, Reg.Trading	2610	1014	601		4900000409	1	-100	PC	1980000440	20.06.2020	1260000001	H11	2610	2600	WE	1	20.06.2020	11.08.2020	11.08.2020	-100		
0080018106	126000001	8/11/2020	6/3/2020	8/11/2020	H11	Trading Good, PD, Reg.Trading	2610	1014	601		4900000402	1	-10	PC	1980000441	02.07.2020	1260000001	H11	2610	2600	WE	1	03.06.2020	11.08.2020	11.08.2020	-10		
0080018090	126000000	8/7/2020	8/1/2020	8/7/2020	H11	Trading Good, PD, Reg.Trading	2610	1014	601		4900000401	1	-1	PC	1980000225	01.06.2020	1260000000	H11	2610	2600	WE	1	01.06.2020	07.08.2020	07.08.2020	-1		
0080018089	126000000	8/8/2020	6/1/2020	8/8/2020	H11	Trading Good, PD, Reg.Trading	2610	1014	601		4900000400	1	-1	PC	1980000224	01.06.2020	1260000000	H11	2610	2600	WE	1	01.06.2020	06.08.2020	06.08.2020	-1		
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0080018110	126000001	8/12/2020	7/12/2020	8/12/2020	H12	Trading Good, Recorder Point, Reg.Tr.	2610	1014	601		4900000404	2	-1	PC	1980000592	14.07.2020	1260000001	H12	2610	2600	WE	3	12.07.2020	12.08.2020	12.08.2020	-1		
0080018105	126000001	8/11/2020	6/20/2020	8/11/2020	H12	Trading Good, Recorder Point, Reg.Tr.	2610	1014	601		4900000419	2	-200	PC	1980000440	20.06.2020	1260000001	H12	2610	2600	WE	3	20.06.2020	11.08.2020	11.08.2020	-200		
0080018104	126000001	8/11/2020	7/12/2020	8/11/2020	YH11	Trading Good, 5% VAT	2610	1014	601		4900000418	1	-20	PC	1980000398	14.07.2020	1260000001	YH11	2610	2600	WE	1	12.07.2020	11.08.2020	11.08.2020	-20		
0080018106	126000001	8/11/2020	6/3/2020	8/11/2020	YH11	Trading Good, 5% VAT	2610	1014	601		4900000420	2	-5	PC	1980000441	02.07.2020	1260000001	YH11	2610	2600	WE	3	03.06.2020	11.08.2020	11.08.2020	-5		
		6/1/2020	6/1/2020	8/11/2020	YH11	Trading Good, 5% VAT	2610	1014	561		4900000415	1	1000	PC	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	YH11	2610	2600	WE	1	01.06.2020	01.06.2020	11.08.2020	1.000		
0080018109	126000001	8/12/2020	7/12/2020	8/12/2020	YH12	Trading Good, tax exempt	2610	1014	601		4900000403	1	-1	PC	1980000591	13.07.2020	1260000001	YH12	2610	2600	WE	1	12.07.2020	12.08.2020	12.08.2020	-1		
		6/1/2020	6/1/2020	8/11/2020	YH12	Trading Good, tax exempt	2610	1014	561		4900000416	1	1000	PC	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	YH12	2610	2600	WE	1	01.06.2020	01.06.2020	11.08.2020	1.000		
0080018113	126000001	8/13/2020	7/5/2020	8/13/2020	YH13	Second-hand material	2610	1014	601		4900000430	1	-1	PC	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	YH13	2610	2600	WE	1	05.07.2020	13.08.2020	13.08.2020	-1		
		6/1/2020	6/1/2020	8/11/2020	YH13	Second-hand material	2610	1014	561		4900000417	1	1000	PC	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	YH13	2610	2600	WE	1	01.06.2020	01.06.2020	11.08.2020	1.000		

## Remark

OECD SAF-T or, SAF-T Warehouses structure (JPK\_MAG) and others will require another level of data, where Peppol also requires e-invoicing formalistic conditions (mandate) in certain countries

# Transfer Pricing: Drivers

01

02

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04



## Data definition

- Definition of required data fields to generate transfer pricing insights
- Determine what can be sourced from the ERP database and what needs to be supplemented outside of it



## Reconciliation

- Reconciliation of TP data (at product level) with financial statements
- Linking transactions to products
- Mapping year-end statutory adjustments
- Reconciliation of year-end adjustments



## Real-time testing

- Automated transfer pricing testing of local margins to avoid heavy year-end adjustments
- Automated CUP testing
- Spotting anomalies vis-à-vis transfer pricing policies



## Automated compliance

- Automated data pull for TP documentation (local files)
- CbCR filings
- Local specific transfer pricing forms

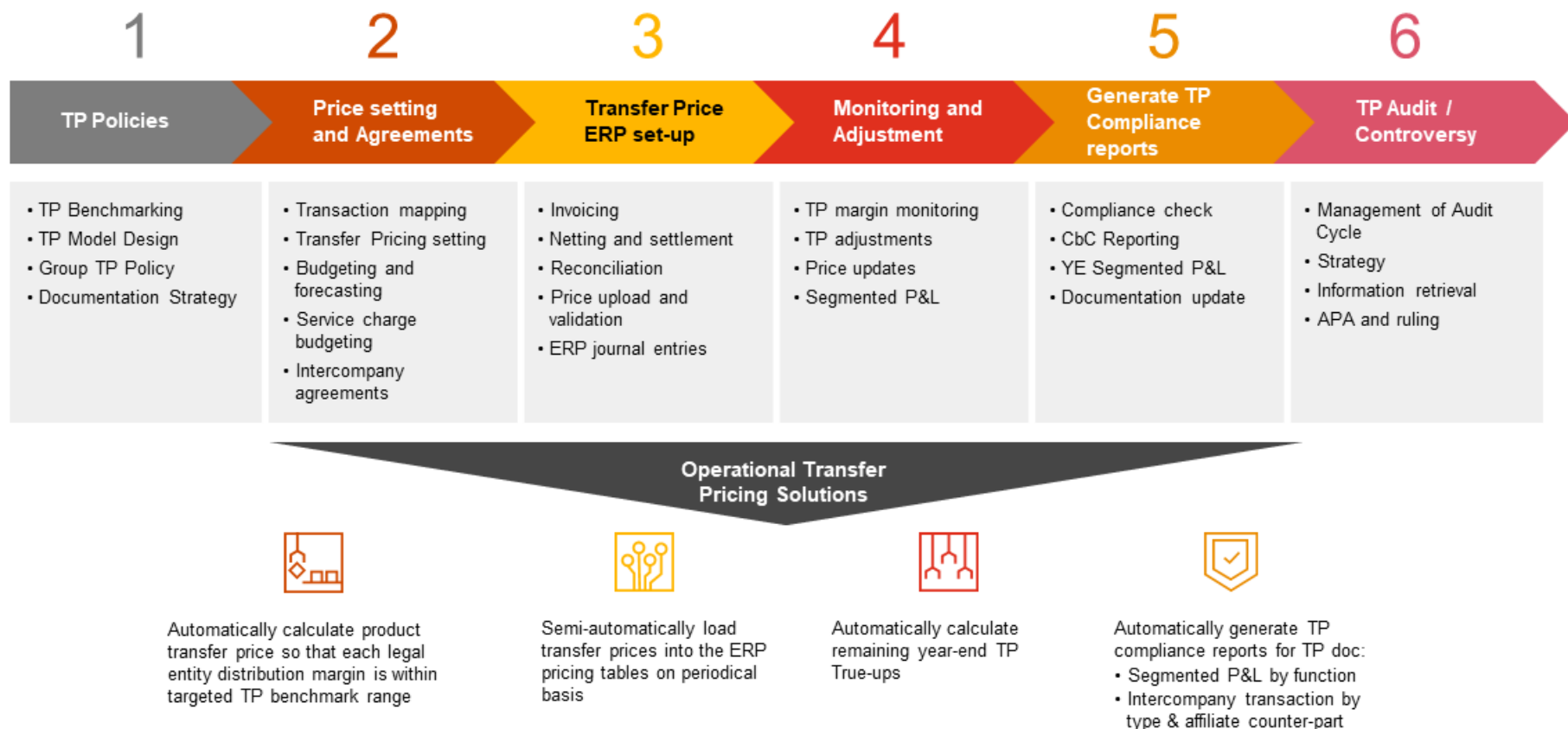


## Operational TP

- Continuous control over margins (operational TP)
- Structural control over cash pool and intercompany lending activities
- **Remark:** multiple technologies available (e.g. Anaplan, Opravis, SAP Analytics Cloud, OneSource, etc.)



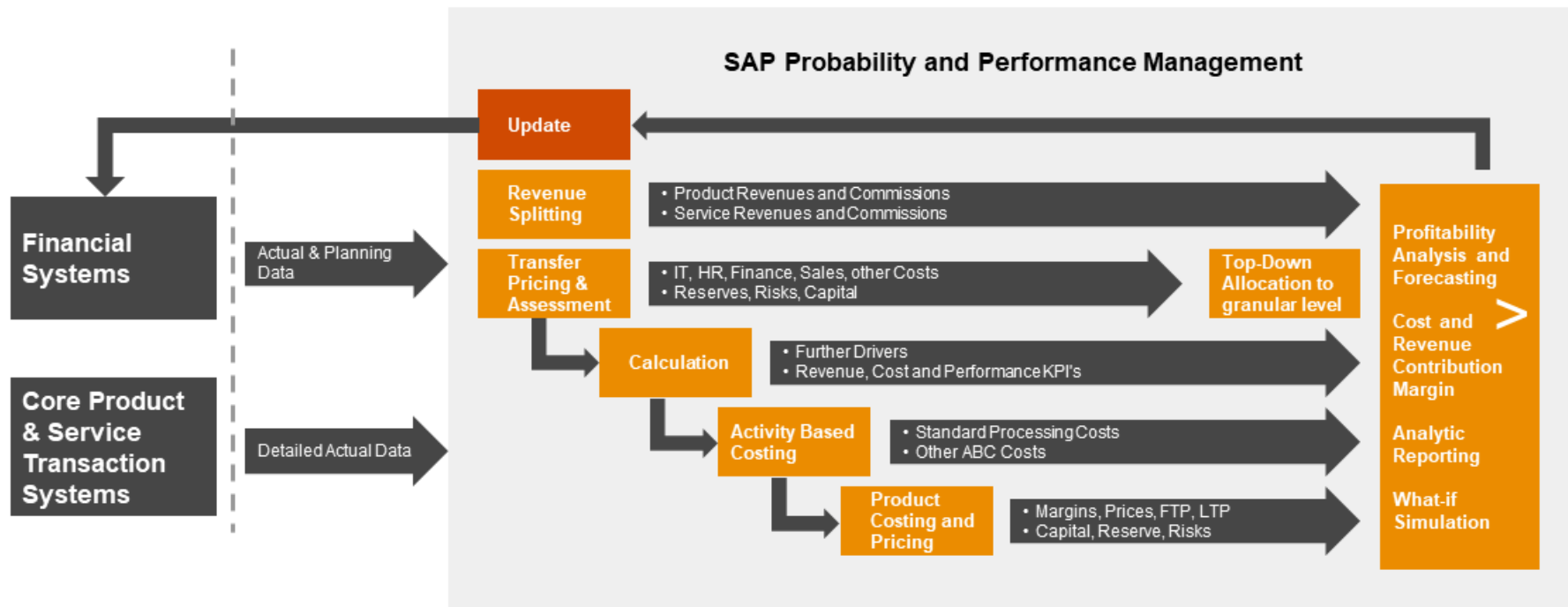
# IT support within the TP lifecycle



# Profitability and Performance Management (PaPM)

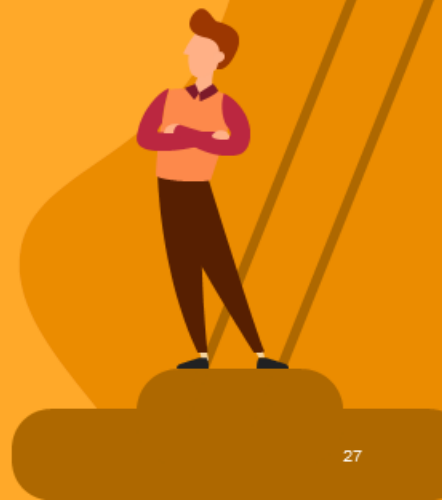
## SAP Probability and Performance Management

Main Use Case in sample content: **Probability and cost management**



# 3

## Detailed tax management topics & solutions



# SAP Document and Reporting Compliance (DRC)

## Overview of functionalities



### Functionalities

- **Harmonize real time periodic and ad hoc reporting** to fulfill all mandates worldwide
- Seamless transition to CTC (continuous transaction controls)
- Consistency between real time business documents and statutory reports
- Reconciliations between internal and external documents
- Invoices created in S/4HANA simultaneously create eDocuments, that are automatically send to authorities and business partners
- Users can receive supplier invoices in real time, can be posted automatically, eliminating AP backlog at the end of reporting period
- Manage all mandates in one central dashboard, ability to **harmonize tax controls X-country** (e.g. SOX key controls)
- As invoices are processed throughout the month, they are synthesized together with eDocuments, to fulfill periodic reporting requirements

Transaction

Data Preparation  
and Submission

Reconciliation

Reporting

#### 1. Transaction

Data from business transaction, exchanged with external systems

#### 2. Data Preparation and Submission

Adjusting data to legally required formats, so electronic processing is possible

#### 3. Reconciliation

Reaching internal data consistency prior to filing legal or statutory reports

#### 4. Reporting

Reaching internal data consistency prior to filing legal or statutory reports

# SAP Document and Reporting Compliance (DRC)

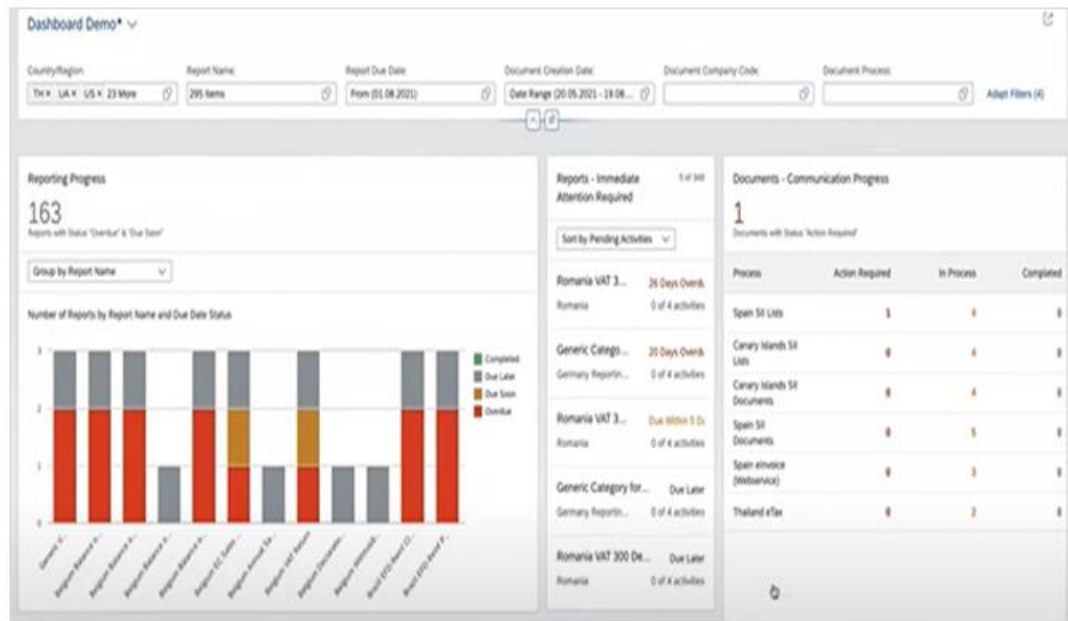
## Benefits & Features

01

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### Benefits

- Boost standardization, efficiency and automation
- Streamline operations with scalable capabilities
- Comply globally in an ever-changing digital world.
- One centralized dashboard

### Features

- Define and connect to source systems
- Configure reporting
- Data replication
- Report generation
- Analytics for report data
- Report submissionUser authorization
- Data security



## Polling question 4

Are you envisaging to centralize (even) more of your indirect tax compliance work in a shared service center, center of excellence or similar?

- No
- Yes, for Indirect tax compliance
- Yes, for real-time reporting
- Yes, for both Indirect tax compliance and real-time reporting
- We leave it as it is

# Drivers of change in Global Trade



Between the COVID-19 pandemic and trade tensions, the past few years have created a highly uncertain environment for MNCs. At the same time, large-scale multilateral trade agreements such as CPTPP and RCEP present opportunities.

Companies will need to continue reevaluating their position due to the evolving landscape of Global Trade.

[Link](#) to Webex 4 November 2021



Geopolitical tensions  
(Brexit, tariffs, WTO  
disputes)



Strict enforcement  
of export controls  
and sanctions



A growing and  
complex web of  
FTAs to navigate



Supply chain  
disruptions from  
COVID-19 pandemic

# Global trade: risks, controls and opportunities

## Client challenges

Global trade rules the movement of goods across borders. It gives access to foreign markets and creates important growth opportunities for companies. However, global trade is subject to complex and constantly evolving regulations, both US and foreign.

Changes in trade policies and shifts to protectionist measures, combined with heightened concern for national security have created significant additional risks from a financial, operational and compliance standpoint.

While companies are facing ever more pressure from protectionist measures, **misconducts and violations are more frequent, leading to penalties, reputational damage and loss of market share.**

## How to create value while mitigating risks



## Success factors



**Establish a cross-functional compliance team**

Bring together Trade Compliance, Customs, Indirect Tax and Internal Audit to deliver unique and sustainable value.



**Collaborate across the organization to generate maximum value**

Establish and sustain awareness and involvement to constantly evaluate risks and opportunities as they occur.



**Consider local operations while creating global principles**

Understand regional processes while focusing on risks, duty optimizations and logistics efficiencies globally.



**Embrace technology and initiate long lasting change**

Use integrated systems such as SAP GTS to increase benefits, drive change and maximize the return on investment.



**Test and maintain compliance in daily operations**

Implement and maintain control over operations and compliance with digital solutions and analytics capabilities.

## PwC Accelerators

IndustryEdge



PwC' preconfigured SAP S/4 System

RPA-based compliance configuration and testing



SAP GTS as a Service and Managed Services



Cloud-based SAP analytics








Manual and automated controls inventory



# Global trade: risks and impact

Global trade gives access to foreign markets and creates important growth opportunities for companies. However, international trade is subject to complex and constantly evolving regulations, both US and foreign. While companies are facing ever more pressure from protectionist measures, misconduct and violations are more frequent, leading to penalties, reputational damage and loss of market share.

01	02	03	04	<b>Trade sanctions</b> 	<b>Export control</b> 	<b>Import / export procedures</b> 	<b>Special customs procedures</b> 	<b>Free trade agreements</b> 
<b>Risks</b>				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Trading with restricted entities and embargoed countries / regions.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Shipments of controlled products to sensitive destinations and access to sensitive information.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Import and export activities not compliant or not complete of all customs forms and requirements.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Non-compliant use of special customs procedures.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use of free trade agreements with false origin determination.</li> </ul>
<b>Impact</b>				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Violations and penalties of up to multiple billions USD. Reputational damage and risk of being sanctioned.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Violations of US export regulations, resulting in fines and loss of export privileges.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Shipments blocked and delayed, over/underpayment of taxes and duties.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Risk of tax fraud, fines, payment of arrears on duties, loss of authorization for tax avoidance programs.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Penalties and payment of arrears on shipments up to 5 years.</li> </ul>
				<div> <span>←</span> <b>Ensure compliance</b> </div> <div> <b>Reduce cost and increase efficiency</b> <span>→</span> </div>				

# SAP Analytics Cloud / Digital Boardroom – what is it?



- The SAP Digital Boardroom gives tax directors & managers a real-time, digital-enterprise experience and insights into their data.
- Thanks to SAP Analytics, it integrates with **tax data from the 4 SAP global tax management tools** and third-party applications to provide a **single source of truth** for the most important business metrics.

SAP  
ACR

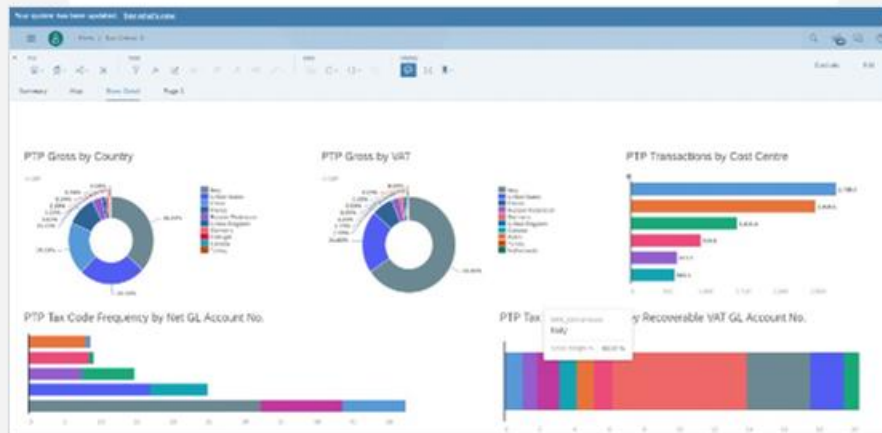
SAP  
S/4



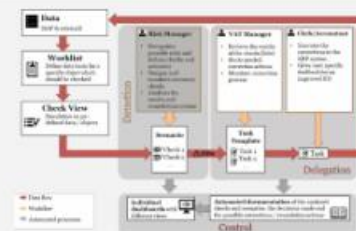
SAP BW



SAP Analytics Cloud



- The visualization of the data can be tailored to the **specific role of the end-user**, e.g. showcasing VAT under management and keeping track of compliance reporting, legal updates and penalties.



SAP Tax  
Compliance

Excel files &  
others



Excel



3rd Party Systems

# SAP Analytics Cloud – Global Tax Monitoring

Video - [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8M3tT19\\_he4&feature=youtu.be](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8M3tT19_he4&feature=youtu.be)



## Other Benefits:

- Traceability into source transaction data driving issues or risk
- Ability to quantify “what-if” scenarios using combined actual and forecast/budget data
- Perform overall reconciliations to ensure management and legal entity reporting aligns



## Benefits:

- Real time monitoring of global tax positions, product profitability, legal entity profit monitoring, elimination of profit in inventory
- Dashboard to view all shared service allocations, royalty charges, cost sharing agreements, profit splits and any other transfer pricing position

# 4

## Implementation insights & lessons learned



# ERP Implementation: Tax Integrated End-To-End in Project

We see that during an ERP implementation tax is only on the agenda in the Record to Report (R2R) workflow.

Tax should not only be looked at from the reporting point of view, but should be also considered in other streams like Order to Cash (O2C), Procure to Pay (P2P) and logistics or master data.

**Tax department should define their needs prior to moving to a new ERP system!**

01

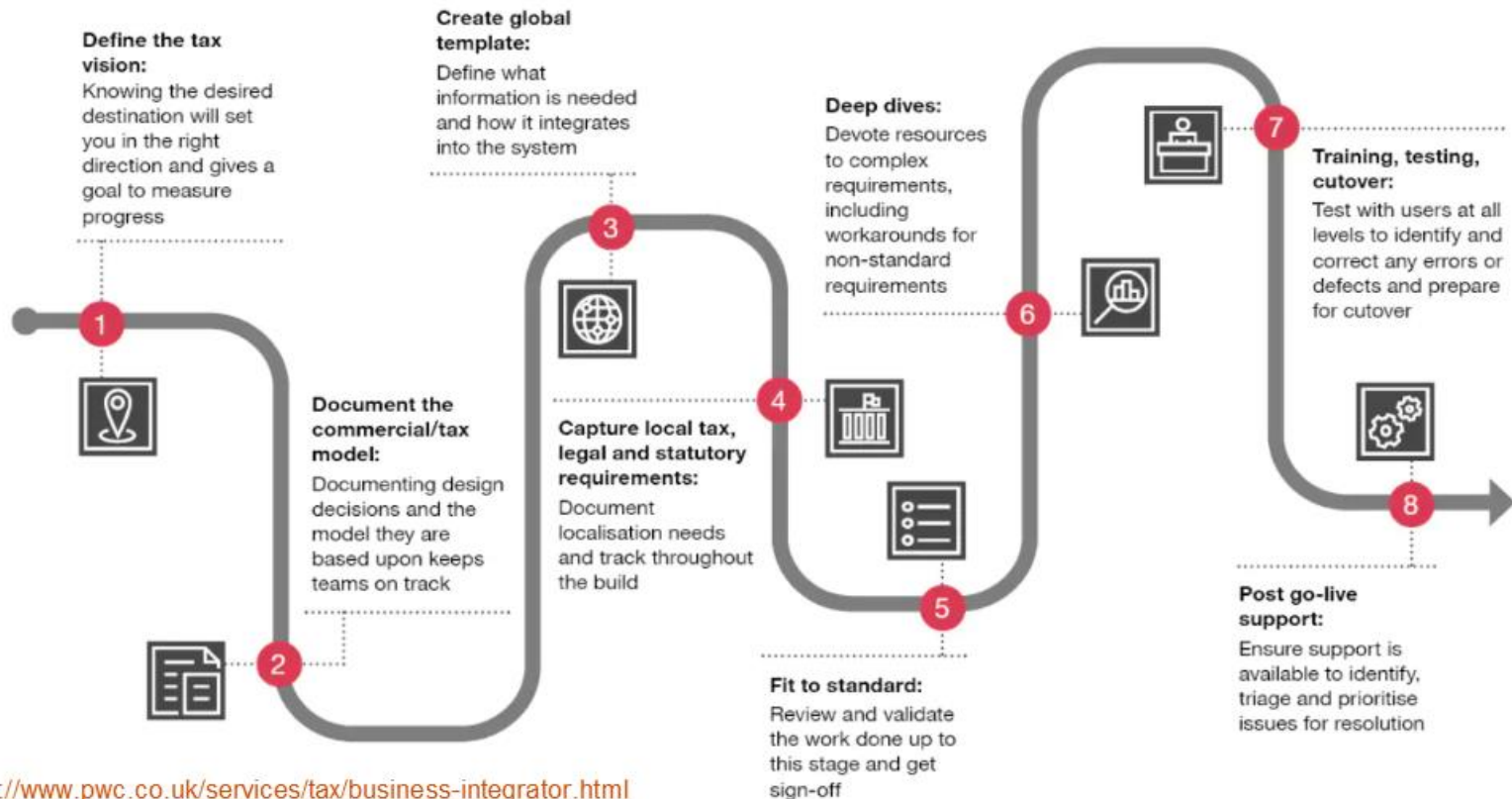
02

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04



# The tax transformation journey



Link: <https://www.pwc.co.uk/services/tax/business-integrator.html>

# Solve big rocks decisions as a basis for your SAP design

**Defining big rocks is a key element of our approach; driving alignment on the most important business & design decisions:**



Certain design decisions (big rocks) come with significant financial and investment implications, tend to be foundational or persuasive in nature, and therefore influence the success of the project. We find it helpful to identify and resolve the big rocks that senior leaders will want to engage in, as they form the foundational elements of the design, early in the program, to enable the project to achieve the stated outcomes.

## Why tackle big rocks up front?

Proven approach to accelerate IT implementation, reduce risk, and deliver business value early



## What qualifies as big rock?

- Foundational element of the design that is critical to full realization of program value
- Organizational capability gap that must be in place to realize the full program value
- Dependency area that needs resolution before downstream decisions are made
- Drive significant complexity, and hence effort, in the functional and technical designs
- Potential point of contention between stakeholders

## Examples of big rocks for tax

### Overall

- Define global enterprise structure - Business operations translated into SAP structures

### Finance and management reporting

- Ledger design
- Chart of accounts

## Output of "Big Rocks" workshops



**Documented list of big rocks**



**Strong foundation for design**



**Next steps with ownership**

# Example: KDD

## 3. Future State

### 3.1. Alternatives and Pros and Cons of options

#### Pros of compliance using SAP ACR

- Having a single source of truth and data coming out of one database (no need to reconcile)
- Advantage of having VAT reporting centralized
- Benefit when also having harmonized and standardized tax codes, also in terms of governance and audit trail
- Possibility of harmonizing your SOX key controls which have been mentioned by different teams in the workshop sessions (e.g., monitoring thresholds, reconciliations)
- SAP maintains and updates reports based on legal changes for 'localization' countries which results in lower maintenance costs for Company (need to implement new feature pack of SAP ACR)
- Fewer hours are spent on tax compliance work by automating the data preparation and compliance process
- Fewer processes, systems and tools are used
- Easier on-boarding and training of staff (one system with one working logic, one core manual)
- Easier management of security user roles

#### Cons of compliance using SAP ACR

- Not all reports for all countries are available in SAP ACR, but can be developed based on customer's request (see discussions with SAP product team)
- SAP ACR is merely a reporting tool with updated content & some features providing the correct legal formats to report, but has no sophisticated due date tracker or extensive analytics (to check if SAP Analytics Cloud is needed)
- SAP ACR should be considered in combination with SAP Document Compliance for the real-time reporting obligations in some countries (e.g., Spain, Hungary)

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## Key Decisions

### 5.1. Decision

#### Decision made

- Company will utilize the SAP Advanced Compliance Reporting Tool (see charts in the Problem Statement section above) for countries where currently the local team is doing the filing internally. Localization packages will be implemented as well for all in scope countries as applicable (except for USA where there is no localization package). Specifically, with regard to foreign VAT registrations (e.g., Belgian entity) VAT registration for Bulgaria, Hungary, Portugal, Romania, Spain) where currently external providers are assisting Company local contacts are best placed to decide on behalf of their entities due to their knowledge on the process. Here we suggest that following the pilot a live demo is performed for these local countries with foreign VAT registrations in order to decide whether this would satisfy their needs and whether they will also move to SAP ACR. As such, these outsourced VAT registrations can be put later on the implementation timeline.
- For now, Company will not set up a **workflow management process** (preparer/reviewer/approver) within SAP ACR. They will assign access to the SAP Advanced Compliance Reporting Tool based on the teams who are currently active with the legal & tax reporting obligations and the general security roles that can be set up in SAP ACR.
- Company will only keep a standard overview of transactions reported per tax code and related tax boxes in the **embedded analytics** in SAP ACR as a validation. They will not harmonize any internal controls or SOX key controls through the **embedded analytics**.
- Company will continue with SAP ACR for UK and they will also utilize SAP SLH ACR Service for direct submission of statutory or regulatory reports in the UK as this is a legal requirement under the Making Tax Digital rules.



# Our approach to making your ERP tax- and futureproof

## Future tax IT roadmap [\(link\)](#)

- Starting with 'As-is vs. to be' workshop
- Ending with implementation / testing as needed



We help you prepare a long-lasting architecture and IT roadmap. It is tailored to your company for statutory and tax compliance in an holistic way (GAAP to statutory conversion, direct tax reporting, indirect tax determination and reporting, real-time reporting, e-invoicing, etc.). Our proven and standardised end-to-end approach consists of 5 steps in the ERP localisation process. [Global PwC network](#)

01

02

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1

### Gathering local and business requirements

- Database of local compliance requirements, including statutory, direct tax, VAT, WHT and e-invoicing requirements, reports and returns to be filed
- Gathering of business requirements based on questionnaires and a dedicated tax workshop with key stakeholders to validate and complete requirements
- Link to the Core Design

2

### Fit-gap analysis

- Making a fit-gap analysis between what the company already has available to deal with the requirements as gathered in step 1 (fit), and which requirements, returns and reports are missing (gap).

3

### RICEFW list

- Preparing or checking the RICEFW list per country - reports (R), interface (I), conversion (C), enhancements (E), forms (F) and workflow (W)
- Indicating available standard reports versus what is still needed
- Indicating required specific customisations based on steps 1 and 2

4

### Blueprinting and tax determination

- Mapping of business transactions
- Design of tailored ITX/WHT determination logic
- Tax codes and mapping to boxes of the VAT return

5

### Assistance with testing & training

- Preparing test scenarios based on business blueprint
- Assistance with testing and/or validating test results
- Preparing tax manuals
- Providing training to tax (compliance) teams

# Example: Global Tax / Stat Process Design Document Content

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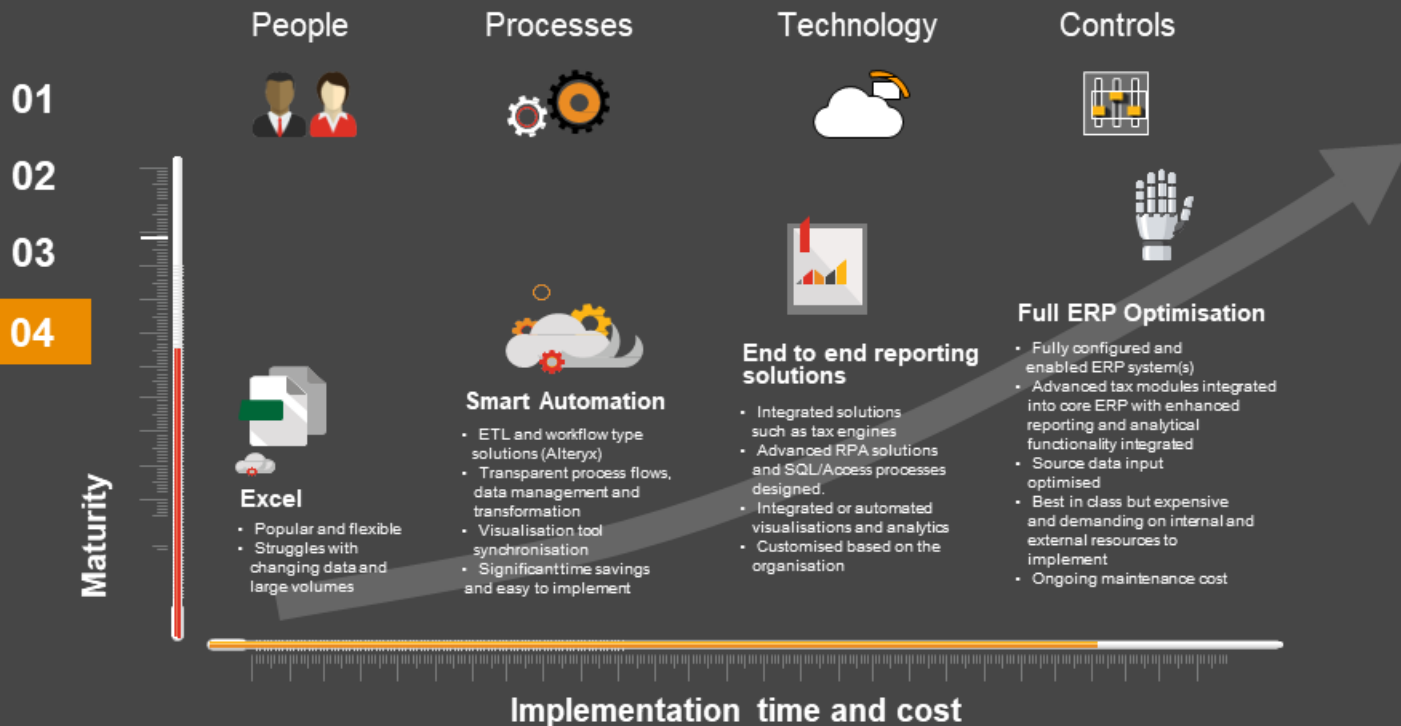
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# Lessons learned Global implementations

- Tax to **prepare as team** what they want to improve going forward (incl. Talk to vendors on specific add-on solutions for e-invoicing, TP, Customs & Excise)
- Take time to **assess** roadmap, global coverage and perform complete fit-gap analysis
- Foresee preparation time for **supply chain mapping** in case required: can you lift and shift current SAP tax set up or do you require redesign?
- Draft a complete **project plan** with detailed timing (taking into account holiday, transports & change control, testing & defect resolving)
- Foresee sufficient **training** and also **testing time** for local client teams (provide training document/user manual)
- Conduct **review of tax codes** or tax code harmonization as any tax reporting will be tax code based (Detailed info per country on reports via SAP Help Portal  
(<https://help.sap.com/viewer/26c2d5e366bc44c1a98f2a9212a0c49d/2020.002/en-US/3c0686e8948844408d0e97e79d8bbb18.html?q=netherlands%20configuration%20VAT%20return>)
- Discuss upfront on required **set up of tax controls and data analytics** in order to be in control of your new compliance process
- Sufficiently **link with other workstreams** (P2P, O2C, MD) and highlight process transformations and improvements



# Maturity Model - Where are you now and where do you want to be?



# 5

## Q&A and wrap-up

# Thank you!

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